

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A method for removing mercury in exhaust gas, in which mercury in exhaust gas discharged from combustion equipment is removed, characterized by comprising:

a mercury oxidation process in which mercury in said exhaust gas is converted to mercury chloride in the presence of a catalyst;

a contact process in which said exhaust gas is brought into contact with an absorbing solution in a scrubber to absorb and remove mercury components from said exhaust gas;

a control process in which ~~at least one of either blowing of air or addition of an oxidizing agent~~ into said scrubber is accomplished, and ~~at least one of either the amount of blown air or the added amount of oxidizing agent~~ is regulated to control the oxidation-reduction potential of said absorbing agent; and

a gas liquid contact process comprising a mist eliminator which includes a cleaning solution, to which ~~one of air or an oxidizing agent~~ is added, which is in contact with said exhaust gas, wherein the oxidation-reduction potential of said cleaning solution is controlled by ~~the one of blowing of air or the addition of said oxidizing agent~~, so as to be at least 600mV.

2. (currently amended) The method for removing mercury according to claim 1, characterized in that in said control process, ~~at least one of either a combustion equipment load or a mercury concentration at the outlet of said scrubber is detected to control the amount of blown air or the added amount of oxidizing agent.~~

3. (original) The method for removing mercury according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that said method further comprises an effluent treatment process in which products in said absorbing solution are oxidized by an acid or an oxidizing agent.

4. (cancelled)

5. (withdrawn) A system for removing mercury in exhaust gas, in which mercury in exhaust gas discharged from combustion equipment is removed, characterized by comprising:

a catalyst apparatus for converting mercury in said exhaust gas to mercury chloride;

a scrubber for removing mercury components by bringing said exhaust gas into contact with an absorbing solution;

an introduction pipe, which is provided with a valve for regulating the amount of blown air or the added amount of oxidizing agent, for blowing air or adding the oxidizing agent into said scrubber; and

an electrometer for measuring the oxidation-reduction potential of the absorbing agent in said scrubber.

6. (withdrawn) The system for removing mercury in exhaust gas according to claim 5, characterized in that said system further comprises means for continuously detecting at least one of a combustion equipment load and a mercury concentration at the outlet of said scrubber, and means for controlling the amount of blown air or the added amount of oxidizing agent based on the detection value.

7. (withdrawn) The system for removing mercury in exhaust gas according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that said system further comprises a treatment tank, which is provided on the downstream side of said scrubber, for oxidizing products in said absorbing solution by an acid or an oxidizing agent.

8. (withdrawn) The system for removing mercury in exhaust gas according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that said system further comprises a gas-liquid contact section, which is provided on the downstream side of said scrubber, for bringing a cleaning

solution into contact with said exhaust gas by mixing at least one of air and an oxidizing agent in a cleaning tank, and a second electrometer for measuring the oxidation-reduction potential of said cleaning solution.